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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRS	NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/650,712	08/29/2000		Rico Mariani	MS1-579US	1048
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LEE & HAYES PLLC				CHEN, SHIN HON	
	RSIDE AVENUE SUITE	500 /			
SPOKANE, WA 99201			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
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				DATE MAILED: 05/06/2004	, ,

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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-		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	Office Action Comments	09/650,712	MARIANI ET AL.				
Office Action Summary		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Shin-Hon Chen	2131				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence address				
THE - External - If the - If NC - Failu Any (ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1: SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period or re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed /s will be considered timely. If the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1)🖂	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>03 O</u>	<u>ctober 2001</u> .					
2a)	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This	action is non-final.					
3)[Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Dispositi	on of Claims						
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□ 8)□	Claim(s) is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-35 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or con Papers	wn from consideration.					
9)□	The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.					
10)⊠	10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>29 August 2000</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ objected to by the Examiner.						
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the		• •				
11)	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex		• '				
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
a)(Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bureau See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicat rity documents have been receiv u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage				
Attachmen	t(s)						
	te of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary					
3) Infor	te of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) or No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal I 6) Other:	ate Patent Application (PTO-152)				
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DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1-35 have been examined.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 2. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 - The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 3. Claim 15 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
- 4. Claim 15 recites the limitation "the control object" in line2 of claim 15. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

5. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

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- 6. Claims 1, 2, 5, 7-10, 17, 18, and 20-23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being clearly anticipated by Balasubramaniam et al. U.S. Pat. No. 6499109 (hereinafter Bal).
- 7. As per claim 1, Bal discloses a method, comprising: associating a digital signature with a web page (Bal: column 7 lines 32-38); and delivering the web page to an electronic device capable of authenticating the digital signature and executing at least a portion of the web page after the digital signature is authenticated (Bal: column 2 line 43 column 3 line 19).
- 8. As per claim 2, Bal discloses the method as recited in claim 1. Bal further discloses wherein the associating further comprises attaching the digital signature to the web page (Bal: column 7 lines 32-36).
- 9. As per claim 5, Bal discloses the method as recited in claim 1. Bal further discloses wherein the web page contains script that, when executed, invokes executable code that is executed on the electronic device executing the web page (Bal: column 2 lines 43-65).
- 10. As per claim 7, Bal discloses a method, comprising: receiving a web page from a server, the web page containing executable script that, when executed, invokes a control object (Bal: column 7 lines 26-51), the web page having a segment that uniquely identifies a source of the web page (Bal: column 7 lines 26-51); authenticating the source of the web page (Bal: column 7 lines 26-51); and displaying the web page and invoking the control object if the web page is authenticated (Bal: column 7 lines 26-51).

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- 11. As per claim 8, Bal discloses the method as recited in claim 7. Bal further discloses determining if the source of the web page is authorized to invoke the control object (Bal: column 7 lines 32-36); and displaying the web page only if the source of the web page is authorized to invoke the control object (Bal: column 7 lines 26-51).
- 12. As per claim 9. Bal discloses the method as recited in claim 7. Bal further discloses wherein the authenticating further comprises authenticating the source of the web page to identify the source of the web page (Bal: column 7 lines 26-51).
- 13. As per claim 10, Bal discloses the method as recited in claim 7. Bal further discloses designating one or more authorized sources from which a web page that invokes a control object may be received; and executing script contained in the web page only if authenticating the source of the web page indicates that the web page was received from an authorized source (Bal: column 8 lines 32-63).
- 14. As per claim 17, Bal discloses a system, comprising: a web browser configured to access a web page having a digital signature (Bal: column 1 line 19 column 3 line 19); a processor configured to execute script contained in the web page (Bal: column 1 line 19 column 3 line 19); an executable control object that may be invoked by the script in the web page and is executable on the processor (Bal: column 1 line 19 column 3 line 19); a confirmation module configured to authenticate the digital signature (Bal: column 1 line 19 column 3 line 19); and

wherein the confirmation module is called when the control object is invoked by the script (Bal: column 7 lines 26-51), the control object executing only if the confirmation module authenticates the digital signature (Bal: column 7 lines 26-51).

- 15. As per claim 18, Bal discloses the system as recited in claim 17. Bal further discloses wherein the confirmation module is called by the control object (Bal: column 7 lines 26-51).
- 16. As per claim 20, Bal discloses the system as recited in claim 17. Bal further discloses wherein the confirmation module is included in the web browser (Bal: column 7 lines 26-51 and column 3 lines 7-19).
- 17. As per claim 21, Bal discloses the system as recited in claim 17. Bal further discloses wherein the confirmation module is further configured to determine if the web page comes from a source that is authorized to invoke the control object and the control object is invoked only if the source of the web page is authorized to invoke the control object (Bal: column 7 lines 26-51).
- 18. As per claim 22, the system as recited in claim 17, wherein the confirmation module is called by the web page prior to the web page invoking the control object (Bal: column 7 lines 26-51).

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19. As per claim 23, Bal discloses the system as recited in claim 17, Bal further discloses wherein the digital signature module is not invoked if the web page does not have a digital signature (Bal: column 7 lines 29-52).

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- 20. Claims 11 and 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being clearly anticipated by Yoshiura et al. U.S. Pat. No. 6499105 (hereinafter Yoshiura).
- 21. As per claim 11, Yoshiura discloses a system, comprising: a page generator to generate a web page (Yoshiura: column 30 lines 5-63); a digital signature module configured to derive a digital signature from the web page and attach the digital signature to the web page (Yoshiura: column 30 lines 5-63); and a page delivery module to deliver the signed web page to an electronic device (Yoshiura: column 30 lines 5-63).
- 22. As per claim 14, Yoshiura discloses the system as recited in claim 11. Yoshiura further comprising: a confirmation module configured to authenticate the digital signature (Yoshiura: column 30 lines 36 column 31 lines 19).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 23. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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24. Claim 3 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bal in view of Yoshiura and further in view of Liu U.S. Pat. No. 6058482 (hereinafter Liu).

- 25. As per claim 3, Bal discloses the method as recited in claim 1. Bal does not explicitly discloses the method comprising: determining if the web page includes code to invoke a control object; and deriving the digital signature and associating the digital signature with the web page only if the web page includes code to invoke a control object. However, Yoshiura discloses determining if a mark with digital signature should be derived and attach to a web page (Yoshiura: column 30 lines 37-55). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to combine the teachings of Yoshiura within the system of Bal because it increases security by determining whether the sender should get the digital signature. Bal as modified does not explicitly determining if the web page includes code to invoke a control object. However, Liu discloses that limitation (Liu: column 8 lines 1-50). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to combine the teachings of Liu within the combination of Bal-Yoshiura because it increases efficiency by avoiding unnecessary further process.
- 26. Claim 4 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bal in view of Yoshiura.
- 27. As per claim 4, Bal as modified discloses the method as recited in claim 1. Bal as modified further discloses wherein the web page includes a confirmation module that is used by

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the electronic device to authenticate the digital signature (Yoshiura: column 30 lines 37-55: the mark).

- 28. Claim 6 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bal in view of Myer et al. U.S. Pat. No. 6615088 (hereinafter Myer).
- 29. As per claim 6, Bal discloses the method as recited in claim 1. Bal does not explicitly disclose wherein the web page is generated in an active server page (ASP) environment. However, Myer discloses that limitation (Myer: column 3 lines 47-54). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to combine the teachings of Myers within the system of Bal because ASP makes web pages more dynamic and interactive.
- 30. Claim 12 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yoshiura in view of Liu.
- 31. As per claim 12, Yoshiura discloses the system as recited in claim 11. Yoshiura further discloses determining if a mark with digital signature should be derived and attach to a web page (Yoshiura: column 30 lines 37-55). Yoshiura does not explicitly discloses the digital signature module being further configured to determine whether the web page contains script to invoke executable code, and to apply a digital signature to the web page only if the web page contains script to invoke executable code. However, Liu discloses further process is done after determining if the web page contains script to invoke executable code (Liu: column 8 lines 1-50).

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It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to combine the teachings of Liu within the system of Yoshiura because it increases efficiency by avoiding unnecessary further process.

- 32. Claims 13 and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yoshiura in view of Bal.
- 33. As per claim 13, Yoshiura discloses the system as recited in claim 11. Yoshiura does not explicitly disclose the system further comprising: a control object in the web page; script in the web page that invokes the control object; and wherein the control object includes executable instructions that are executable on the electronic device that receives the web page. However, Bal discloses these limitation (Bal: column 2 lines 30-65). It is well known in the art to have web pages disclose the above limitation to generate dynamic and interactive web page. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to combine the teachings of Bal within the system of Yoshiura.
- 34. As per claim 16, Yoshiura discloses the system as recited in claim 14. Yoshiura further discloses the confirmation module is included in the user terminal. Yoshiura does not explicitly discloses wherein the confirmation module is included in a browser of the electronic device. However, Bal discloses that limitation (Bal: column 7 lines 26-51). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to combine the teachings of Bal within the system of

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Yoshiura because it is well known in the art for browsers to directly verify security information on the web.

- 35. Claim 35 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yoshiura in view of Bal and further in view of Renaud et al. U.S. Pat. No. 59580521 (hereinafter Renaud).
- 36. As per claim 15, Yoshiura discloses the system as recited in claim 14. Yoshiura does not explicitly discloses wherein the confirmation module is included in the control object. However, Bal discloses that verifying digital signature before executing the control object (Bal: column 7 lines 37-38). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to interpret the mark disclosed by Yoshiura as the digital signature that corresponds to the control software. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to combine the teachings of Bal within the system of Yoshiura because it is well known in the art to authenticate digital signature associated with a control software. Yoshiura as modified does not explicitly disclose the confirmation module is included in the control object. However, Renaud discloses that limitation (Renaud: column 4 lines 15-18). It is well known in the art to use control objects to perform security functions. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to combine the teachings of Renaud within the combination of Yoshiura-Bal.
- 37. Claims 19 and 24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bal in view of Renaud.

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the system of Bal.

38. As per claim 19, Bal discloses the system as recited in claim 17. Bal does not explicitly discloses wherein the confirmation module is included in the control object (Bal: column 7 lines 26-51). However, Renaud discloses that limitation (Renaud: column 4 lines 15-19). It is well known in the art to use control objects to perform security functions. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to combine the teachings of Renaud within

- 39. As per claim 24, Bal discloses a web page contained on a computer-readable medium, comprising: computer-executable script that (Bal: column 1 line 19 column 3 line 19), when executed on a computing device, invokes an executable control object on the computing device (Bal: column 1 line 19 column 3 line 19); and a digital signature (Bal: column 1 line 19 column 3 line 19). Bal does not explicitly disclose the digital signature uniquely identifying an author of the web page. However, Renaud discloses that limitation (Renaud: column 4 lines 19-34). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to combine the teachings of Renaud within the system of Bal because it increases security by checking whether the source of the page is authentic.
- 40. As per claim 26, Bal as modified discloses the web page as recited in claim 24, Bal as modified further discloses the web page comprising the executable control object (Bal: column 1 line 19 column 3 line 19).

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41. As per claim 32, Bal discloses computer-readable medium, comprising computer-executable instructions that, when executed on a computer, perform the following: authenticating a web page that invokes the control object (Bal: column 7 lines 29-52); and executing a data-handling task on the computer if the web page is determined to be authentic (Bal: column 7 lines 29-52). Bal does not explicitly disclose a control object that performs the security functions. However, Renaud discloses that limitation (Renaud: column 4 lines 15-18). It is well known in the art to use control objects to perform security functions. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to combine the teachings of Renaud within the system of Bal.

- 42. As per claim 33, Bal as modified discloses the control object as recited in claim 32. Bal as modified further discloses wherein the web page is authenticated utilizing a digital signature attached to the web page (Bal: column 7 lines 29-52).
- 43. As per claim 34, Bal discloses the control object as recited in claim 32. Bal further discloses instructions to determine if a source of the web page is authorized to invoke the data-handling task prior to executing the data-handling task (Bal: column 7 lines 29-51).
- 44. As per claim 35, Bal discloses modulated data signal having data fields encoded thereon transmitted over a communication channel (Bal: column 7 lines 29-51: sending web page along with digital signature). Bal does not explicitly disclose a first data field containing data representing a web page and a second data field containing data representing a digital signature

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derived from the web page represented by the first data field. However, Renaud discloses having data fields and a signature field (Renaud: figure 3 and column 6 lines 46-65). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to combine the teachings of Renaud within the system of Bal because it allows a system to authenticate the digital signature before accessing the digital data or control objects.

- 45. Claim 25 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bal in view of Renaud and further in view of Yoshiura.
- As per claim 25, Bal as modified discloses the web page as recited in claim 24. Bal as modified does not explicitly disclose wherein the digital signature is appended to the contents of the web page. However, Yoshiura discloses that limitation (Yoshiura: column 30 lines 43-55). It is well known in the art to append digital signature onto a data content. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to combine the teachings of Yoshiura within the combination of Bal-Renaud.
- 47. Claims 27-31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bal in view of Liu.
- 48. As per claim 27, Bal discloses a web browser contained on a computer-readable medium of a client computer, comprising computer-executable instructions that, when executed by the client computer, perform the following: authenticating the web page using a digital signature

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(Bal: column 1 line 19 – column 3 line 19 and column 7 lines 26-51); and invoking the control object if the source of the web page is authenticated (Bal: column 1 line 19 – column 3 line 19). Bal does not explicitly disclose determining if a web page contains instructions to invoke a control object. However, Liu discloses that limitation (Liu: column 8 lines 1-50). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to combine the teachings of Liu within the system of Bal because it increases efficiency by avoiding unnecessary further process.

- 49. As per claim 28, Bal as modified discloses the web browser as recited in claim 27. Bal as modified further disclose determining if the web page contains executable script to invoke a control object (Liu: column 8 lines 1-50); and wherein the authenticating the web page further comprises authenticating the web page only if the web page contains executable script to invoke a control object (Liu: column 8 lines 1-50). Same rationale applies here as above in rejecting claim 43.
- As per claim 29 and 30, Bal as modified discloses the web browser as recited in claim 27. Bal as modified further discloses determining if the web page contains control software (Liu: column 8 lines 1-50) and require all controls to have digital signature for authentication (Bal: column 3 lines 7-19); and wherein the authenticating the web page further comprises authenticating the web page only if the web page contains a digital signature (Bal: column 7 lines 32-38). Bal as modified indirectly disclose determining if the web page contains a digital signature.

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As per claim 31, Bal as modified discloses the web browser as recited in claim 27. Bal as modified further discloses instructions to determine if an authenticated web page comes from a source that is authorized to invoke the control object (Bal: column 7 lines 29-51).

Conclusion

52. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Parthasarathy et al. U.S. Pat. No. 6347398 discloses automatic software downloading from a computer network.

Golan U.S. Pat. No. 5974549 discloses creating a secure sandbox within which a plurality of downloaded software components can execute in a secure manner.

Flynn et al. U.S. Pat. No. 6567918 discloses saved web page security system and method.

Brim U.S. Pat. No. 5835914 discloses method for preserving and reusing software objects associated with web pages.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Shin-Hon Chen whose telephone number is (703) 305-8654. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday 8:00am to 4:30pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ayaz Sheikh can be reached on (703) 305-9648. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Shin-Hon Chen Examiner Art Unit 2131

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